# **CORRECTION – présent simple – QUIZINIERE**

Ex.1: Associer le mot français à sa traduction en anglais:

prendre un bain	have a bath	
dormir	sleep	
déjeuner	have lunch	
se réveiller	wake up	
prendre le petit déjeuner	have breakfast	
se lever	get up	
aller à l'école	go to school	

### Ex.2 :

- 1. Tom **LIKES** spinach. (3<sup>ème</sup> pers. du singulier)
- 2. My brothers **DON'T** go to school on Saturday morning. ("brothers" est au pluriel)
- 3. My mother PUTS on make up everyday. (3<sup>ème</sup> pers. du singulier)
- 4. Frank rarely **SHAVES**. (3<sup>ème</sup> pers. du singulier)
- 5. I MAKE my bed every morning.

### Ex.3:

I usually (get up) **get** up at 7:00 in the morning. First, I (take) **take** a shower and (get dressed) **get** dressed . My little brother, Josh, (get up) **gets** up at 7:20 am . He (get dressed) **gets** dressed and he (have) **has** breakfast. My parents (go) **go** 

to work at 8:15, so my brother and I (go) go to school on our own (seuls).

# Ex.4:

- 1 They usually **don't go** to school by bus.
- 2 We **don't have** a break at 10 am.
- 3 My parents **don't go** to bed early.
- 4 My dad **doesn't take** a shower in the morning.
- 5 Emily **doesn't make** her bed every morning.

Remarque: pas de -s au verbe à la forme négative (le -s est sur l'auxiliaire "doeSn't")

### Ex. 5 :

- 1. What time **do** they have lunch?
- 2. Does your father shave every morning?
- 3. Do your brothers play tennis?
- 4. When do you take your shower?
- 5. How often (= à quelle fréquence) do your grandparents visit you ?

## Ex.6:

- 1 Do you study English ?
- 2 Does Max have lunch at home ?
- 3 Do they like to dance ?